The Feminist discourse

 The history of feminism is associated with all movements that aimed at bringing about equal rights for women.

 These movements have been political, economic and social struggles to end sexist oppression.

Three waves of modern Western Feminism

- 1st wave (19th through early 20th century)dealt with suffrage, working conditions and educational rights of girls and women.
- 2nd wave (1960s-1980s)-inequalities of laws, cultural inequalities and role of women in society.
- 3rd wave-(late 1980s-2000)-continuation of the 2nd wave and response to the perceived failures.



Mary Wollstonecraft

- The most cited feminist writer, Mary Wollstonecraft is often characterised as the first feminist philosopher.
- A Vindication of the Rights of Woman (1792) can be unambiguously called as 'feminist'.
- Her legacy remains in the continued for women to speak up and tell their stories.

Feminism is the doctrine that advocates that social, political, legal and economic rights for women must equal to those of men.



Four types of Feminism

Radical Feminism

Socialist Feminism

Cultural Feminism

Liberal Feminism

<u>Patriarchy</u>: A form of social organization in which males hold primary power and predominate in roles of political power, moral authority, social privilege and control of property.



Women's Rights are Human Rights

- This is a phrase used by Hillary Clinton, First Lady of the United States on 5th September 1995 at the United Nations First World Conference on Women in Beijing.
- Women can never gain full dignity until their human rights are respected and protected.
- If women have the chance to work and earn as full and equal partners in society, their families will flourish.

Achievements of feminists in the 21st century

 Giant strides have been made by feminists in tackling gender based violence, gaining freedom to express sexuality and helping those who are most often ignored to find a voice.